

Enlisting Public Help with Cyanobacteria Monitoring

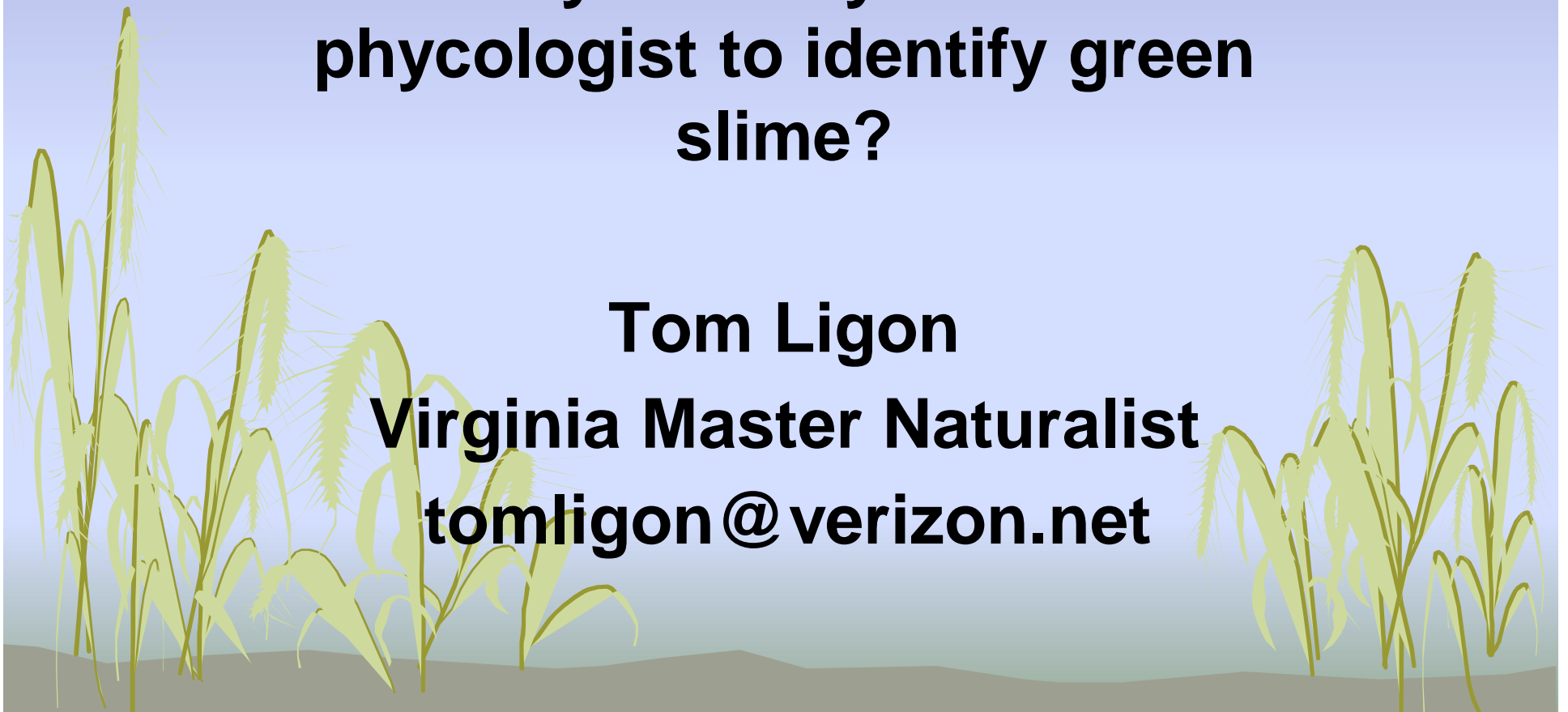
-- Or --

**Do you really need a
phycologist to identify green
slime?**

Tom Ligon

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Training Volunteers

PWSWCD needed a way for their cadre of Citizen Scientist water monitoring volunteers to check for cyanobacteria



Options

- **Satellites such as Sentinel-3: MERIS resolution is 300x300 meters, so waters less than about 1 km across are too small.**
- **Infrequent orbital passes, useless under clouds**
- **Electric multicopter UAS with multispectral cameras can provide similar results, but require trained and licensed operators, have airspace restrictions, and are expensive**
- **Pond on the previous page is at a hospital with a helipad, a big complication.**
- **Or use the Lake Champlain Committee approach: trained volunteers with eyeballs, a jar, and a stick.**

Lake Champlain Committee

300+ volunteers

3 hours of training on-line

- **No lab tests, no microscopy**
- **Very fast, inexpensive**
- **Local authorities have learned to trust the identifications**
- **No visible signs / light bloom / medium bloom / heavy bloom**
- **Surface blooms only, not benthic**
- **Distinguish from harmless green stuff**
- **Authorities may follow up with testing, but will take action on simple visual evidence of cyanobacteria**

On-Line Reporting

LCC maintains a reporting site for convenient reporting of observations.

Open to public use but mainly for trained volunteers.

Results monitored and forwarded by LCC but can also be used by local water/health authorities.

MAKE IT EASY!

PWSWCD Program

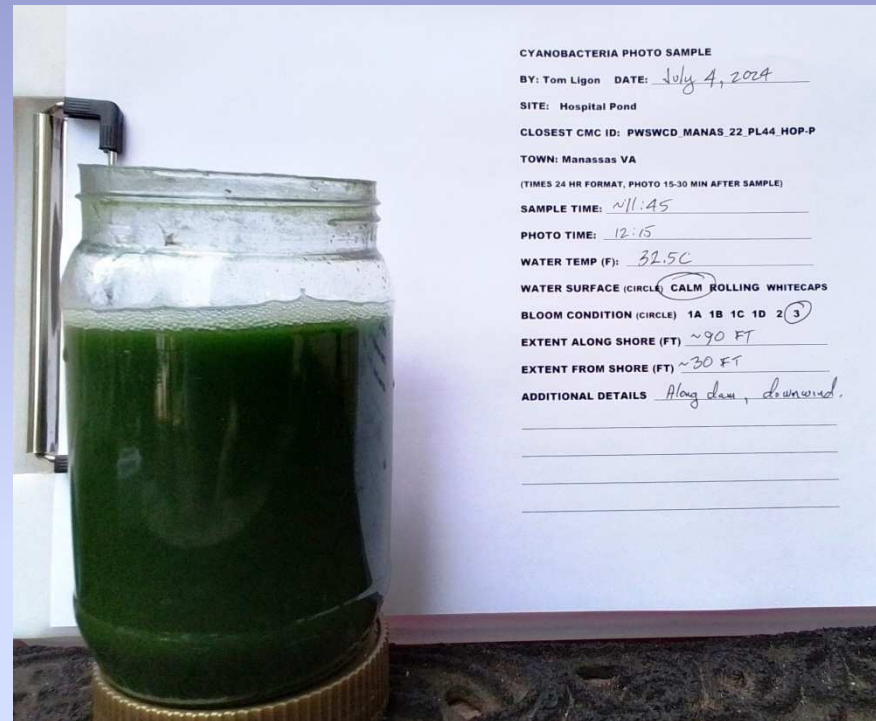
- **Already have volunteers doing benthic macroinvertebrates and chemical monitoring with YSI probes**
- **Many volunteers are Master Naturalists with other training**
- **Initially poached LCC training (with permission)**
- **But LCC program calls for weekly monitoring, daily if CB is present**
- **Our macroinvertebrate monitoring is for streams, and quarterly**
- **Our chemical monitoring includes stormwater ponds, is monthly**

Method



- **Photograph close to show surface condition**
- **Photograph wide to show extent**

Method



- Capture a sample in a jar, let settle 15 minutes
- Photograph with a form with needed data
- Some samples more obvious than others

Training

- Give examples of cyanobacteria blooms
- Light, Medium, Heavy
- If light, medium, are small globs present in jar sample?
- Spilled green paint / pea soup appearance?
- Areas of white or turquoise/blue color? (breakdown products)
- Water temperature if possible
- Record and report findings per local agreements
- **NEGATIVE RESULTS SHOULD BE REPORTED TOO!**
- LCC training materials:
<https://www.lakechamplaincommittee.org/lcc-at-work/cyanobacteria-in-lake>

More Training

- **More often you see “Not Cyanobacteria”**
- **Filamentous Green Algae (FGA) (stick test)**
- **Duckweed (from a distance looks like CB, but close picture should show mini- lily pads)**
- **Other water plants**
- **Pollen**
- **Iron Bacteria**
- **Surface films?**
- **NEGATIVE RESULTS SHOULD BE REPORTED TOO!**
- **LCC training materials:**
<https://www.lakechamplaincommittee.org/lcc-at-work/cyanobacteria-in-lake>

Highly Scientific Equipment

- FGA Detection Device (aka stick)
- Jar
- Jar holder or waterproof gloves
- Maybe an ice chest
- Got a good thermometer?
- <https://www.lakechamplaincommittee.org/lcc-at-work/cyanobacteria-in-lake>



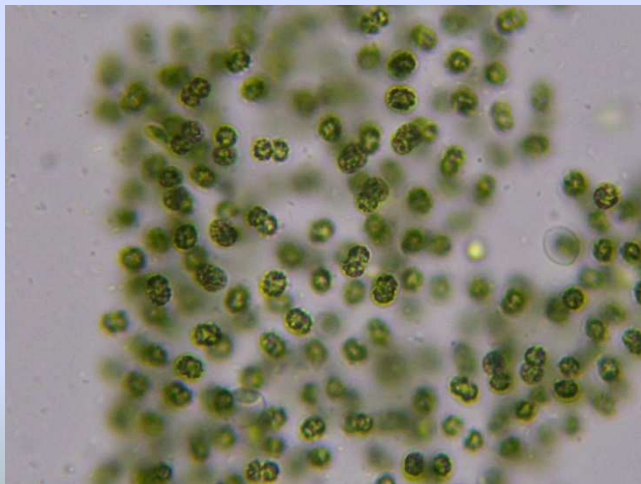
Training Lite



For close neighbors:

- **Quick lesson in CB vs Not CB**
- **Provide web resources**
- **Take close and wide picture**
- **Report positive observations**
- **Weekly in CB season**
- **Daily if CB present**
- **Now including this in our Merrimac Farm VMN basic training**

Extra Credit

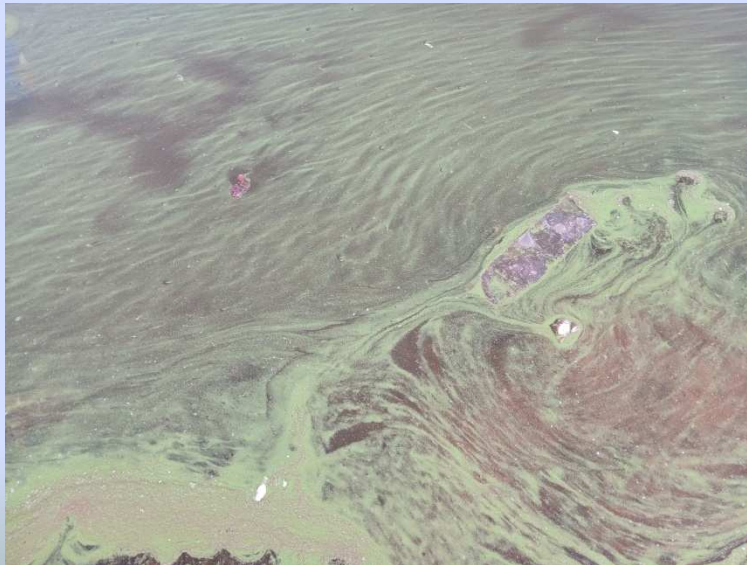
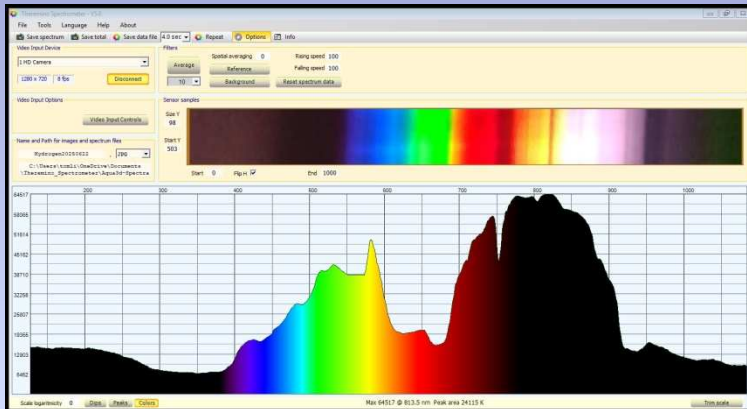


Got microscope?

- Add camera (\$100-200?)
- Globule onto slide, coverslip
- Take shot
- Local expert or lab available?
- Or iNaturalist Cyanoscope project
- <https://www.inaturalist.org/projects/cyanoscope>
- Or samples on ice to local lab

- Shot with a Celestron 5MP Digital Microscope Imager
- AO Spencer Binocular, 45x objective

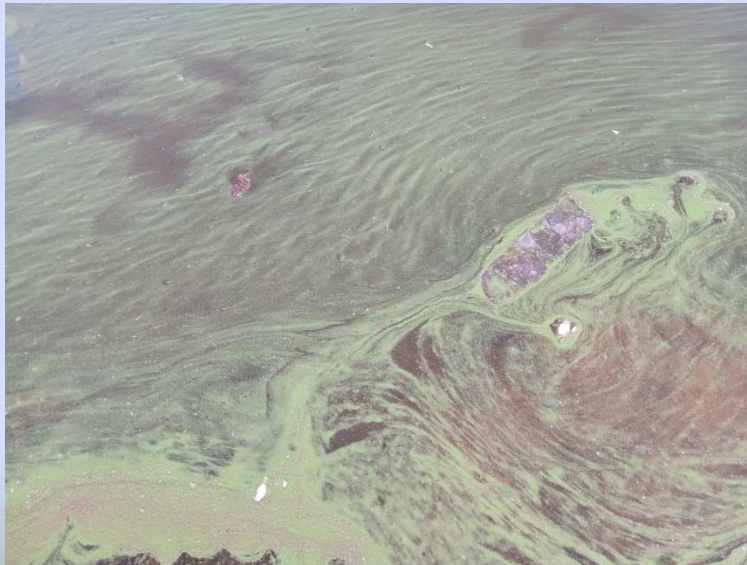
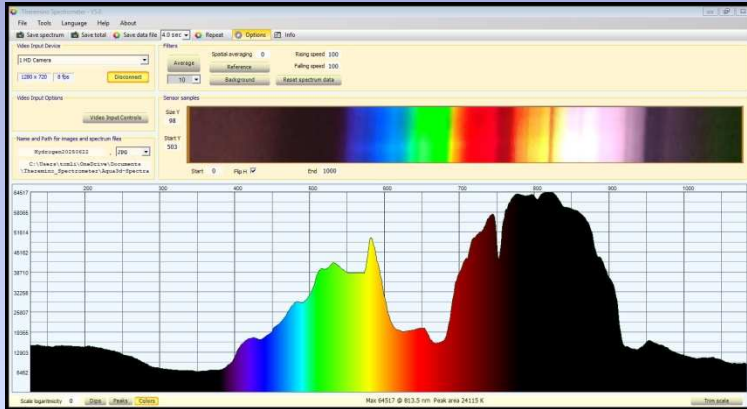
For the totally nuts ...



Got Spectrometer?

- Cheap now (\$100-200?)
- Webcam, grating, slit, box
- Calibrate with fluorescent lamp
- Free software converts rainbows to line plots
- Potentially better than a multi-spectral camera
- Spreadsheet or Octave to process to the bands necessary to spot phycocyanin
- Work in progress ...

Does a spectrometer really help?



- Eyeball ID probably better
- But positive ID of phycocyanin boosts ID confidence
- Convince the doubters?
- Not worthwhile for \$20k instrument
- But for <\$200? Intriguing

Thanks for listening

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<https://www.lakechamplaincommittee.org/lcc-at-work/cyanobacteria-in-lake>

Spectrometer: Aqua3d Lab 360-1000 nm

Spectrometer software:

<https://aqua3dlab.com/downloads>

Other comparable low-cost spectrometers available

Not an endorsement

All photos by Tom Ligon