

#### **Watershed Connections**

Pre-watershed model activity lesson for bilingual, elementary, and special need students

Created by Kari Rowe, ESOL Science Teacher, Northwestern High School, Adelphi, MD, 2016



### Warm-up

#### Which watershed demonstrates:

- Modern times?
- 2. Colonial times?
- 3. Before European settlers?



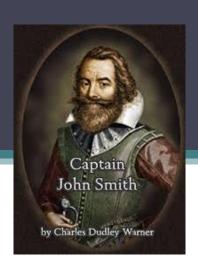
### **Objectives**

- We can explain ways to help protect the Anacostia River.
- We can assess our school grounds for evidence of runoff.
- We can discuss places to plant a garden at school.

### Agenda

- 1. Review
- 2. Ways to stop runoff
- 3. Demonstration
- 4. Assessment
- 5. Conclusions

### Pre-Colonial: Early 1600s



You are the first European to explore Maryland's rivers.
The land looks much different from today.

#### The land is covered in forests.



### You sail your big ship up the Anacostia and Potomac Rivers.



# The water is clear and there are many big fish.







### There are many wetlands next to the rivers.



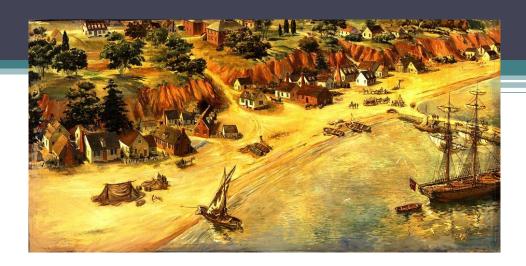
# Native Americans live in small villages.





#### Colonial Era: middle 1600s-1700s

English colonists live near the Anacostia and Potomac Rivers.



### Colonists cut the forest for agriculture and have wood for houses and fires.







## Big boats come up the river to take tobacco to England.



During the 1700s there are many European people in Maryland.

They need more land for food.

By 1800 95% of Maryland is deforested.

When it rains, soil erodes into the rivers.

There is so much soil in the Anacostia River that ships can no longer travel there.





#### 1960s -1990s

Less land is needed for agriculture and wood. Trees grow. 40% of Maryland now has forests.



Farming for food, tobacco and animals is important to Maryland's economy.

Farmers now use big machines and chemical fertilizers and pesticides to kill insects.





# The number of people living in Maryland increases.





#### Help the Rivers and Bay!

By 1980s the rivers and bay are contaminated.



Too many nutrients enter the water.



# Nutrients enter the river from broken sewage systems.





Nutrients enter the river when rain carries fertilizer from agriculture and lawns.





### Soil from farms and construction sites enters the river.



### There are less birds and fish in the rivers.



# How do we help the River?

#### **Farms**

- No farm animals in the river.
- Reduce fertilizer.
- Cultivate without machines.





### Ponds stop runoff from farm and cities.



Plant trees and plants near the river.



# Plant gardens to absorb runoff and nutrients.







#### Rain Barrels

- Catch storm water from gutters.
- Use the water on your garden and lawn.
- Reduce water use during droughts.









#### More Permeable Surfaces

• From green roofs to grass swales...







#### Permeable Pavement



#### What YOU Can Do

- Scoop the poop.
- Recycle and dispose trash properly.
- Use less fertilizer and pesticides.
- Keep waste out of storm drains.
- Raise awareness and educate others.
- Volunteer.



### **Exit Question**

List 3 things that absorb runoff at school.